ISA Initial Comments on Hathaway 60-Day Review -- a top 10 list of Cyber Principles

- 1. There needs to be a substantially increased emphasis on and investment in addressing our growing cyber security problems
- 2. The needed investments must be understood for what they are, critical infrastructure maintenance and security
- 3. Cyber Security is not, solely, an "IT" issue it is an enterprise wide risk management issue stretching from supply chains to human resource management, and must be addressed as such.
- 4. Government and industry must develop a fundamentally new relationship in addressing mutual cyber security issues.
- 5. The diversity of the internet places its security inescapably in the hands of the private sector.
- 6. The internet is inherently global and thus a sustained system of security must be able to transcend national boarders.
- 7. We actually know a great deal about how to prevent and mitigate cyber threats. Independent research shows that the vast majority of cyber events (close to 90%) could be stopped by adhering to already identified good security practices.
- 8. Government's first role ought to be to use market incentives to motivate adhering to good security practices because these incentives can create maximum effect in a fast changing environment and across boarders.
- 9. While regulation for consumer protection may be appropriate, attempting to address cyber infrastructure issues in the private sector through government mandates will be, with limited exceptions, ineffective and counter-productive both from a security and economic perspective.
- 10. We have a wide range of incentives which have been successfully used in other areas (e.g. procurement/insurance/liability protection/awards/and loans) which need to now be applied to cybersecurity.