Agency	Sub- agency	Title Of Initiative/Rule or ICR	RIN/OMB Control Number	Summary of Initiative	Status of Initiative New to this update, Ongoing, or Completed	Target Completion Date (if completed, please add the publication date and cite in Federal Register for example)	Does the Initiative include pilot projects, safe harbor examptions, sunset provisions, trigger provisions, streamlined requirements, state flexibilities, or other similar strategies?	Does this initiative employ any type of experimental design y/n?	If so, please briefly describe	What methods will you engage in to Identify Improvements (public comment, analyses, third party assessments, etc). Please identify all that apply	If Available, anticipated or realized savings in costs &/or burdens and anticipated or realized
		nder Retrospec Not Previously R		<u>v</u>							
	DEA		TBD	SUMMARY: The DEA proposes to amend its regulations governing registration, security, reporting, recordkeeping, and ordering requirements for controlled substances. This proposed rule would define the term "principal place" and clarify regulations regarding the requirement for separate registrations. This proposed rule would also modify regulations related to the handling of controlled substances by dispensers transporting controlled substances and attendant security, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements. The DEA also proposes to modify existing regulations to clarify how the handling of controlled substances by emergency response personnel and emergency preparedness operations may be conducted in accordance with the CSA.	New to this update	October (NPRM)	No	No	N/A	Public comments	TBD
DOJ		Recognition of Organizations and Accrediations of Non- Attorney Representatives	1125-AA72	This rule proposes to amend the regulations governing the requirements and procedures for authorizing representatives of non-profit religious, charitable, social service, or similar organizations to represent persons in proceedings before the Executive Office for Immigration Review (EOIR) and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).	New to this update	FY 2015	Streamlined requirements	No	N/A	Public comments	This proposed rule promotes the effective and efficient administration of justice before DHS and EOIR by increasing the availability of competent non-lawyer representation for underserved immigrant populations. It seeks to accomplish this goal by increasing the availability of qualified representation for primarily low-income and indigent persons while protecting the public from fraud and abuse by unscrupulous organizations and individuals.

DOJ	EOIR	List of Pro Bono Legal Service Providers for Aliens in Immigration Proceedings	1125-AA62	This rule proposes to amend 8 CFR part 1003 by changing the name of the "List of Free Legal Services Providers" to the "List of Pro Bono Legal Service Providers." The rule would also enhance the eligibility requirements for organizations, private attorneys, and referral services to be included on the List of Pro Bono Legal Service Providers. The proposed rule published on 09/17/14, at 79 FR 55662.	New to this update	FY 2015	Streamlined requirements	No	N/A	Public comments	This proposed rule will enhance the eligibility requirements for organizations, private attorneys, and referral services to be included on the List of Pro Bono Legal Service Providers (List). The List is central to EOIR's efforts to improve the amount and quality of representation before its adjudicators, and it is an essential tool to inform aliens in proceedings before EOIR of available pro bono legal services.
Prev	<u>viously</u> F	Reported Items		<u> </u>							
DOJ	DEA	Implementation of the International Trade Data System	TBD	The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) is proposing to update its regulations regarding the import and export of controlled substances and listed chemicals. The amendments will reflect current procedures and technological advancements and allow for the implementation, as applicable for controlled substances and listed chemicals, of the President's Executive Order on streamlining the export/import process as it pertains to government-wide utilization of the International Trade Data System (ITDS). The proposed changes would also revise the regulatory text to make it coherent and consistent with plain language principles.		July 2015 (NPRM)	Pilot Project	No	N/A	Public comments, analysis of pilot project	Pursuant to section 6 of E.O. 13659, DEA been consulting with CBP and is continuing to study possible modifications to its existing regulations, in order to reduce the burdens on importers and exporters while continuing to maintain effective controls against diversion.
DOJ	EOIR	Retrospective Regulatory Review Under E.O. 13563 of 8 CFR Parts 1003, 1103, 1211, 1212, 1215, 1216, 1235	1125-AA71	Advance notice of future rulemaking concerning appeals of DHS decisions (8 C.F.R. part 1103), documentary requirements for aliens (8 C.F.R. parts 1211 and 1212), control of aliens departing from the United States (8 C.F.R. part 1215), procedures governing conditional permanent resident status (8 C.F.R. part 1216), and inspection of individuals applying for admission to the United States (8 C.F.R. part 1235). The ANPRM was published on 9/28/2012. The comment period closed on 11/27/2012. EOIR is currently in the process of reviewing the comments received and drafting two follow-up NPRMs.	Ongoing	2015		No	N/A	Public comments.	TBD

DOJ	EOIR	Separate	1125- AA78	This rule would amend the Executive Office	Ongoing	2015	No	N/A	Public comments.	This rule will enhance
		Representation for		for Immigration Review (EOIR) regulations						representation of detained
		Custody and Bond		relating to the representation of aliens in						aliens by making it easier for
		Proceedings		custody and bond proceedings by allowing a						aliens who may not be able
				representative to enter an appearance in						to afford to hire an attorney
				custody and bond proceedings before EOIR						for all of their proceedings
				without committing to appear on behalf of						before the Immigration
				the alien for all proceedings before the						Court to at least be able to
				Immigration Court. The proposed rule was						be represented during their
				published on 09/17/14, at 79 FR 55659. EOIR						custody and bond
				is developing a final rule in response to public						proceedings. The
				comments.						Department anticipates that
										this rule will also have a
										positive economic effect
										because increasing the
										number of aliens who are
										represented in their custody
										and bond proceedings will
										enable immigration judges
										to adjudicate proceedings in
										a more effective and timely
										manner.
	1		1							

Reducing Re	porting and Pap	erwork Bu	rdens					
Reducing Re	Electronic Submission of Application of Removal: Form EOIR 42A (Application for Cancellation of Removal for Certain Permanent Residents) and Form EOIR-42B (Application for Cancellation of Removal and Adjustment of Status for Certain Nonpermanent Residents)	1125-0001	This information collection is necessary to determine the statutory eligibility of individual aliens who have been determined to be removable from the United States for cancellation of their removal, as well as to provide information relevant to a favorable exercise of discretion.	Ongoing	FY 2017			29,881 hours of paperwork/reporting eliminated. The projecter savings to the government is not yetknown. There at 25,627 annual submission of this form; as this form requires submission of documentary evidence, EOIR estimates that the majority of respondents this form in person at the immigration court. EOIR conservatively estimates that 20% of these annual respondents, or 5,125.4, would file this form electronically, resulting in aggregate cost savings to the public of \$2,306.43 savings in postage and
EOIR	Electronic Submission of Notice of Appeal from a Decision of an Immigration Judge (Form EOIR-26	1125-0002	A party affected by a decision of an Immigration Judge may appeal that decision to the Board, provided the Board has jurisdiction pursuant to 8 C.F.R. 1003.1(b). An appeal from an Immigration Judge's decision is taken by completing the Form EOIR-26 and	Ongoing	FY 2017			· ·
			submitting it to the Board					of this form; as this for notice of appeal that m be filed with the Board Immigration Appeals, located in Falls Church EOIR estimates that the majority of respondent this form using the posservice. EOIR conserval estimates that 90% of
								annual respondents, or 17,280.9, would file the form electronically, resulting in aggregate asavings to the public of \$7,776.41 savings in postage and \$10,368.5 savings in printing cost

DOJ	EOIR	Electronic	1125-0003	The information on the fee waiver request	Ongoing	FY 2017			1,194 hours of
		Submission of Fee		form is used by the Board of Immigration					paperwork/reporting
		Waiver Request		Appeals to determine whether the requisite					eliminated. The projected
		Form (Form EOIR-		fee for a motion or appeal will be waived due					savings to the government
		26A)		to an individual's financial situation.					is not yet known. There are
									5,970 annual submissions of
									this form; as this form is a
									notice of appeal that must
									be filed with the Board of
									Immigration Appeals,
									located in Falls Church, VA,
									EOIR estimates that the
									majority of respondents file
									this form using the postal
									service. EOIR conservatively
									estimates that 90% of these
									annual respondents, or
									5,373, would file this form
									electronically, resulting in
									aggregate cost savings to
									the public of \$2,417.85
									savings in postage and \$537.30 savings in printing
									costs.
501	FOIR	51 · ·	4425 0042			FV 2047			441 6
DOI		Electronic	1125-0012	This information collection is necessary to	Ongoing	FY 2017			44 hours of
		Submission of		determine whether the organization meets					paperwork/reporting
		Request for		the regulatory and relevant case law					eliminated. The projected
		Recognition of a Non-		requirements for recognition by the Board as					savings to the government
		profit Religious,		a legal service provider, which then would					is not yet known. There are
		Charitable, Social		allow its designated representative or					105 annual submissions of
		Service, or Similar		representatives to seek full or partial					this form; as this form is a
		Organization (Form		accreditation to practice before EOIR and/or					request for recognition that
		EOIR-31)		the Department of Homeland Security.					must be filed with the Board
									of Immigration Appeals,
									located in Falls Church, VA,
									EOIR estimates that the
									majority of respondents file
									this form using the postal
		1			1				service. EOIR conservatively
									estimates that 90% of these
									annual respondents, or
		1			1				94.5, would file this form
									electronically, resulting in
									aggregate cost savings to
		1			1				the public of \$42.53 savings
									in postage and \$28.35
									savings in printing costs.
									_
		1			1				
1			İ		İ				

DOJ	EOIR	Request by Organization for Accreditation of Non Attorney Representative (Form EOIR-31A)	1125-0013	EOIR recently developed a new voluntary information collection (Form EOIR-31A) to assist Nonprofit Religious, Charitable, Social Service, or Similar Organizations recognized to provide representation to individuals appearing before EOIR and the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).	Ongoing	FY 2017					This form was developed in order to assist recognized organizations in applying for the accreditation of their representatives to appear before EOIR and DHS. The new voluntary Form EOIR-31A makes it easier for an organization to submit a complete application for accreditation and for the Board to review an individual's credentials for eligibility and fitness to participate in the R&A program. As this is a new collection, the projected savings to the government and the public is not yet known.
-----	------	--	-----------	---	---------	---------	--	--	--	--	---

Executive Order 13659, "Streamlining the Export/Import Process for America's Businesses," provided new directives for agencies to improve the technologies, policies, and other controls governing the movement of goods across our national borders. This includes additional steps to implement the International Trade Data System as an electronic information exchange capability, or "single window," through which businesses will transmit data required by participating agencies for the importation or exportation of cargo.

At the Department of Justice, stakeholders must obtain pre-import and pre-export authorizations from the Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) (relating to controlled substances and listed chemicals), or from the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) (relating to firearms, ammunition, and explosives). The ITDS "single window" will work in conjunction with these pre-import and pre-export authorizations.

The pre-import/export requests for both agencies occur before the goods are at the border or port of entry, thus allowing adequate time for the respective agency to review the request and pertinent data relating to the request, and contact interested parties and/or foreign counterparts on the stakeholder's request. Stakeholders seeking to import or export commodities regulated by these agencies will continue to utilize the established application process at each agency. DEA has electronic filing systems for most import and export authorizations, and ATF allows optional electronic filing for import and export authorizations. DEA and ATF systems then supply, by batch, license and permit information to CBP to facilitate validation of licenses and permits for imported or exported goods at the border.